

RAS - 23 MAINS TEST SERIES

सिद्धि - 07/A6

Time : 3 Hours

Maximum Marks : 200

सामान्य विज्ञान एवं प्रौद्योगिकी
General Science and Technology

Paper - II (Unit-II)

Name :		MARKS	
Enroll. No.:	Part	Attempted Questions	Marks Obtained
Date of Birth :	Part - A	18	17.5
Medium : English	Part - B	14	30
E-mail :	Part - C	6	30.5
Exam Date : 3-12-2023	Total	38	78
Inviligator's Signature :			
ECN:	RCN:	Hindi: 2.5	English: 0

अनुदेश (Instructions)

- परीक्षा शुरू होने से पहले पुस्तिका को जाँच लें।
Please check the booklet before commencement of the exam.
- दिये गये रिक्त स्थान में निर्देशित शब्द सीमा में उत्तर दें।
Write the answers according to the prescribed word limit, in the space given.
- अंक योजना प्रत्येक खंड के प्रारम्भ में दी गई है।
The marking scheme is given at the start of every section.
- परीक्षा के पश्चात् उत्तर पुस्तिका हॉल अधीक्षक को सौंप दें।
Return the answer booklet to the hall superintendent after completing the paper.

	REVIEW PARAMETERS	SCALE			
		Good	Above Average	Average	Below Average
1.	DOES THE ANSWER ADDRESS THE DEMAND OF THE QUESTION?				
a.	Answer Relevancy			✓	
b.	Answer Enrichment points like use of: Key Terms/ Subject Vocabulary. Use of Commission/ report/ government publication/ judgements, etc. Association with the Current Affairs and use of examples to explain the concept and idea			✓	
2.	HOW WELL IS THE ANSWER PRESENTED?				
a.	Structure - Intro, Body, Conclusion			✓	
b.	Presentation - Using Subheadings/ points/ highlighting/ flowcharts/ diagrams/ maps				✓
c.	Language & Grammar			✓	
d.	Word limit			✓	

Detailed Comments / Feedback / Suggestions for Improvement
विस्तृत टिप्पणियाँ/फीडबैक/सुधार के लिए सुझाव :-

1. (1) good conceptual clarity and legible hand writing.
- 2.
3. (2) use current affairs, facts, data, govt reports to enrich the ans.
- 4.
5. (3) use flowcharts, dig to accomodate more content rather longest of lines.
- 6.
- 7.
8. (4) Intro was appropriate in most ans but work on conclⁿ by way of suggesting course of act etc.
- 9.
- 10.
- 11.

Note : Answer the following questions in 15 words. Each question carries 2 marks.

नोट : निम्न प्रश्नों के उत्तर 15 शब्दों में दीजिए। प्रत्येक प्रश्न 2 अंक का है।

1. द्रव्य की गुप्त ऊष्मा की परिभाषा दीजिए।

Define latent heat of matter.

Heat is required to transform a matter from one state to other state of the matter. like to change ice to water we need the latent heat to convert it state, same for water (liquid) to water vapour we need latent heat

(Write above this line only)

2. ऑगमेंटेड रियलिटी (संवर्द्धित वास्तविकता) और आभासी वास्तविकता (वर्चुअल रियलिटी) में मूलभूत अंतर समझाइए।

Explain the fundamental difference between Augmented Reality and Virtual Reality.

The Augmented Reality use the virtual Reality but virtual Reality does not. To use virtual Reality you need VR set. where Augmented Reality only need your smart phone only or devices.

(Write above this line only)

3. किन्हीं दो पादप हॉर्मोन के नाम और उनके कार्य बताइए।

Name any two plant hormones and their functions.

(Write above this line only)

4. 'नैनो-उर्वरक'
Nano-fertilizer

1.5

Nano Fertilizer is the fertilizer which has it
chemical compound in the nano particles. The
IFFCO has made 1st Nano fertilizer in
India. it is more efficient & require less
space to store it. (eg) uses gold

(Write above this line only)

5. खाद्य पदार्थों के परिरक्षण में प्रतिऑक्सीकारक की क्या भूमिका है?
What is the role of antioxidants in preservation of foods?

2.5

It keep the food not to ~~decoloring~~ ~~rotting~~ of food

It prevent the food to rotting & stay
in good condition for long time.
by preventing oxidat.

(Write above this line only)

6. 'झड़बेरी' का वैज्ञानिक नाम क्या है और इसका क्या औषधि उपयोग है?
What is the scientific name of 'Wild jujube' (Jhahrberi) and what is its medicinal use?

Medicinal use:- it use to improve the immunity
of person. & boost the stamina.
help in digest

(Write above this line only)

7. पदार्थ की 'कोलॉइडी अवस्था'
'Colloidal state' of matter

5

It is the state where the matter is not in the solid and liquid state it is in between state. also mean perfect solution

(Write above this line only)

8. ग्रेफाइट के किन्हीं चार उपयोगों को लिखिए।
Write any four uses of Graphite.

2

- ① Use in pencil
- ② Use in Dry batteries (Dry cell)
- ③ Use as Moderator
- ④ Use in the electronic items

(Write above this line only)

9. 'द्रव्यमान संख्या' की अवधारणा
Concept of 'Mass number'

5

Concept of Mass number is the concept which shows the total mass of the any atom.

proton + Neutron

(Write above this line only)

10. आर्गेनोफास्फेट्स क्या हैं? किन्हीं दो आर्गेनोफोस्फेट्स के नाम लिखिए।
What are organophosphates? Write the names of any two organophosphates.

(Write above this line only)

11. मानव नेत्र का 'प्रेसबायोपिया' दोष क्या है?
What is 'Presbyopia' defect of human eye?

(Write above this line only)

12. 'विद्युत विभव'
'Electric potential'

Revis
Notes

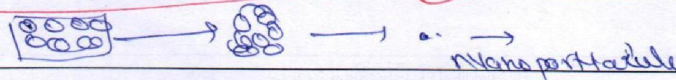
Electric potential is the difference in the potential end two A points of the electric field.

(Write above this line only)

13. टॉप-डाउन नैनो-तकनीक की व्याख्या कीजिए।
Explain top-down nano-technology.

1.5

The top down nano technology is the technology in which the any material or the compound is break down it to it's Nano stage. to achieve its required output.



(Write above this line only)

14. 'वन वेब इंडिया-2 मिशन'
'One Web India-2 Mission'

The one web India-2 Mission is the missing link of India Mission in which all the gram panchayat will be connect with the broadband & each village have the access to the internet.

(Write above this line only)

15. पेलोड 'SHAPE'
Payload 'SHAPE'

It is Payload which is attached with the Chandrayaan-3 mission. which help in the detecting the surface of the moon.
life on

(Write above this line only)

16. 'आदित्य L-1 मिशन'
'Aditya L-1 Mission'

The Aditya L-1 Mission is the mission of ISRO
1st solar mission which is ~~recently~~ recently
launched. it will study the ~~study the~~
~~the~~ sun \rightarrow PS2V C-57 \rightarrow ~~Carbox~~

(Write above this line only)

17. R-CAT क्या है? इसकी स्थापना का उद्देश्य स्पष्ट कीजिए।
What is R-CAT? Explain the purpose of its establishment.

Rajeev Gandhi center for Advance technology.
purpose ~~to~~ to improve the technology field
in the Rajasthan.

(Write above this line only)

18. 'बिग डेटा' की अवधारणा
Concept of 'Big Data'

The concept of Big data is concept where the
data is so big that it cannot ~~be~~ maintain
through normal computer or server. it need specialized
servers to maintain it. Big data deals with 6
V's which are \rightarrow ① volume, ② velocity, ③ variability
④ vericance, ⑤ value

(Write above this line only)

19. 'OLED डिस्प्ले'
'OLED Display'

1.5

Organic light emitting Diode Display are the display which are more improved form of ~~or~~ normal

LED. organic matter are use to produce colour init. ✓

→ Better Brightness
→ less energy consume

(Write above this line only)

20. 'बाह्य परासरण' और 'अंतः परासरण' का अंतर उदाहरण से समझाइए।
Explain the difference between 'Exosmosis' and 'Endosmosis' with an example.

(Write above this line only)

21. जैव-उर्वरक के रूप में उपयोगी किन्हीं दो सूक्ष्मजीवों का नाम लिखिए।
Name any two microorganisms useful as bio-fertilizers.

- Nano azotobacteria

(Write above this line only)

22. डॉ. जगदीश चंद्र बसु के द्वारा कौन-कौनसे आविष्कार किए गए?
Which inventions were made by Dr. Jagdish Chandra Basu?

Bosnas particles

(Write above this line only)

23. हार्डी-रामानुजन नंबर
Hardy-Ramanujan number

(Write above this line only)

24. राजस्थान में विज्ञान पार्क किन-किन शहरों में बनाए गए हैं?
In which cities have science parks been built in Rajasthan?

The science parks are built in Rajasthan

which are ① Jaipur, ② Jodhpur ③ Kota

④ Navalgarh

Jhalawar

(Write above this line only)

25. राजीव गाँधी नॉलेज सर्विस एंड इनोवेशन हब
Rajiv Gandhi Knowledge Service and Innovation Hub

1) in Jaipur
Jodhpur
Kerala

Rajiv Gandhi Knowledge Service & Innovation Hub is the
center where the all facilities are provided to any
person who want to do new innovation as well
as start up in the technology field. all the
services provide by the state Government.

(Write above this line only)

Note : Answer the following questions in 50 words. Each question carries 5 marks.

नोट : निम्न प्रश्नों के उत्तर 50 शब्दों में दीजिए। प्रत्येक प्रश्न 5 अंक का है।

1. स्टेम सेल तकनीक क्या है? इस तकनीक की क्षमताओं पर प्रकाश डालिए।
What is stem cell technology? Throw light on the capabilities of this technology.

2)

The stem cell technology is one of the latest technology
in the field of biology. With the stem cell
technology we are able to make different cells or
organisms of a human being. We are able to
convert this cell in to different type of cell which is
very helpful to save some body life & cure of some
diseases. The capabilities of this technology are
many some of them are. We are able to make
different type of cells, help full in the Gene therapy
helpful in the cure of some disease, able to remove
some defect of Human being.

(Write above this line only)

Conceptual
clarity

avoid
generic
state
ment
in
5 max
qno

2. पराश्रव्य/पराध्वनि तरंगों के कोई पाँच अनुप्रयोग बताइए।
Mention any five applications of ultrasonic waves.

2 define concept in intro

- ① use in Medical field - ultrasound
- ② use in submaire for the navigation SONAR
- ③ use in Medical field for cleaning Medical instruments
- ④ use in RADAR system radio wave
- ⑤ use in measuring the depth of well which is unknown

(Write above this line only)

3. राजीव गाँधी फिनटेक डिजिटल इंस्टीट्यूट
Rajiv Gandhi Fintech Digital Institute

2

lets in
goals
needs
Budget
85
672

Rajiv Gandhi Fintech Digital Institute which provide the education in the field of Fintech field & made them employee fit for any work in any Fintech company. it will help both student as well as the fintech company. As the Fintech company's get ready to do job candidate which reduce there times many to employee in training those employees

(Write above this line only)

4. ABO रूधिर वर्ग के लिए उत्तरदायी जीन प्रारूप को बताते हुए इस रूधिर वर्ग का महत्व समझाओ।
 Explain the importance of ABO blood group by describing the gene pattern responsible for this blood group.

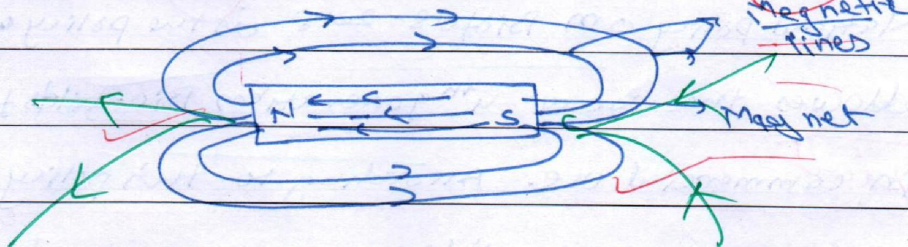
Importance of ABO blood group.

it can be given to any blood group person.

Reverse Note

(Write above this line only)

5. चुंबकीय क्षेत्र रेखाएँ क्या होती हैं? इनके प्रमुख गुणों की व्याख्या कीजिए।
 What are magnetic field lines? Explain their main properties.



The magnetic field lines are the magnetic lines which are produced by the magnet.

- Main properties
- Never cut each other
 - Always make close loop
 - direction is N to S pole
- at the pole they are more close to each other which shows

Strong magnetic field at pole.

(Write above this line only)

well defined

good attempt

6. पर्यावरणीय समस्याओं के प्रबंधन में 'कार्बन डॉट्स' की भूमिका पर प्रकाश डालिए।
Highlight the role of 'Carbon Dots' in the management of environmental problems.

(Write above this line only)

7. 'जैव ईंधन पर राष्ट्रीय नीति- 2018'
'National Policy on Biofuels- 2018'

(2)

National policy on Biofuels- 2018 is the policy which allows the use of 4th generation Bio-fuels for commercial use. According to this policy high tax benefits are provide to maker of the Bio-fuel as well as the incentive are also given. it allow the use of surplus ~~wheat~~-sugarcane, sorghum & potatoes in the production of Bio-fuels if the committee allowed. According to the policy mixing of Biofuels in convention fuel is as allowed.

classification of Biofuel

ment the target like 20% blend in petrol

(Write above this line only)

8. केन्द्रक की संरचना का वर्णन करते हुए इसके कार्यो को लिखिए।
Describe the structure of the nucleus graphically and write its functions.

(Write above this line only)

9. AI क्षेत्र में भारत को ग्लोबल लीडर बनाने का मेगा प्लान 'इंडिया AI' क्या है? स्पष्ट कीजिए।
What is 'India AI', the mega plan to make India a global leader in the AI? Explain.

India AI is the mega plan of Govt. of India ^{expert group} in which govt. has provide budget of \$500 cr to develop the AI field. So that India can become global leader. More focus on the development & implementation of AI in different field & provide global solution.

(Write above this line only)

10. 'लूना-25' और 'चन्द्रयान-3' मिशन का अंतर स्पष्ट कीजिए।
Highlight the difference between Luna-25 and 'Chandrayaan-3' mission.

Luna-25

3 Chandrayaan-3

① Made by Russian space agency → Build by ISRO

② it will be the 1st to land → 1st space craft which
on south pole of moon but it did land on the south pole on the

not able to do so.

moon

③ it went directly to Moon → it Not directly went to moon

a very costly mission 1st it rotated around earth

the rotated around moon then

④ don't have
rover

it land & it less expensive

(Write above this line only)

have lower prapayoni

11. S-400 ट्रायम्फ़ मिसाइल सिस्टम क्या है? भारत के लिए इसकी खरीद का महत्व स्पष्ट कीजिए।
What is S-400 Triumph Missile System? Explain the importance of its purchase for India.

2-5 S-400 Triumph Missile System - Russia made
Missile defence system - surface to air

Importance → it is Automatic run defence system

which can detect the target & destroy it.

it can fire multiple target at single time.

it can use to destroy, missile, Rocket

UAV's, airplane etc. it is the one of the

most advance air defence system in

the world.

(Write above this line only)

balance of power in ASG

12. OTT प्लेटफॉर्म के भारत में मजबूत विकास के क्या कारण रहे हैं? वर्णन कीजिए।

What have been the reasons for the strong growth of the OTT platform in India? Describe.

We have seen that recently the OTT platform is showing growth in India. The Reasons are :-

① convenient → you can watch any time any where

② No Address break.

③ ~~watch~~ watch what you want to watch.

④ In India Now Internet is each each part so it basic need for OTT.

⑤ choice of people are changing they also want to see different things.

(Write above this line only)

13. सुब्रह्मण्यम चंद्रशेखर और सी.वी. रमन के वैज्ञानिक योगदान को स्पष्ट करें।

Explain the scientific contributions of Subramaniam Chandrasekhar and C.V. Raman.

Subramaniam Chandrasekhar :- He gave the Chandrasekhar limit concept which is related to Black Hole. According to him after become ~~dark~~ dwarf star it started absorb all the things which are nearby it.

C.V. Raman :- He give the Raman effect for which He got Nobel prize. According to him the light when ~~trans~~ travels from one medium to other medium then some light is scattered in different direction & its wave length also changed.

(Write above this line only)

large young pop
better digital life
cheap internet
COVID

3.5
understand key concept

Box heading for better present

14. 'राष्ट्रीय डिजिटल साक्षरता मिशन' पर एक लेख लिखिए।
Write an article on 'National Digital Literacy Mission'.

15

The National Digital literacy mission is the mission which is focus on the literacy of the people as well as the digital literacy is also provide so that person is aware off the things which are happening nearby.

mentⁿ other benefits as well

(Write above this line only)

15. राजस्थान सरकार की 'घर-घर औषधि-योजना' पर एक लेख लिखिए।
Write an article on 'Ghar Ghar Aushadhi Yojana' of Rajasthan Government.

2

The Govt. of Rajasthan started this program after the covid-19 to improve the immunity of the people of Rajasthan. In this yojana 4 medical plant are provide to each house hold of rajasthan total 8 plants. (Tulsi, Giloy, Ashwagandha, Kalmegh)

mentⁿ the benefits of scheme like health benefits.

(Write above this line only)

16. पादों में 'स्वपरागण' और 'पर-परागण' का अंतर बिंदुवार समझाइए।

Explain point wise the difference between 'self-pollination' and 'cross-pollination' in plants.

self pollination

cross pollination

① self plant is sufficient
for the pollination

→ other plant is need
for the pollination

② it does not depend
on the pollination
carrier

→ it depend on the
pollination carrier
like bee, insect

(eg) Mustard

Butterfly etc.

(eg) papaya

(Write above this line only)

Note : Answer the following questions in 100 words. Each question carries 10 marks.

नोट : निम्न प्रश्नों के उत्तर 100 शब्दों में दीजिए। प्रत्येक प्रश्न 10 अंक का है।

1. सूचना-प्रौद्योगिकी के क्षेत्र में राजस्थान में हाल के वर्षों में हुई प्रगति और सरकार की नवीन पहलों का वर्णन कीजिए।

Describe the progress made in recent years in Rajasthan in the field of information technology and the new initiatives of the government.

In the recent years in Rajasthan is doing

better in the field of information technology &

the government of Rajasthan also work & making

some policy's to improve this field in Rajasthan.

The govt has come some programme's &

policy's which are: ① opening R-CAT center at

different places. ② opening fintech university.

③ opening the fintech park. ④ Bhamashah Data

center. ⑤ IT policy of 2015 ⑥ Biotechnology

policy 2019 ⑦ opening of different IT park

& science park which encourage people towards

science. ⑧ Innovation Hub ⑨ ISTART

These are some initiative are taken by the

govt of Rajasthan which showing the

good progress of the state in the field of information

technology.
 can be improved suggest significant of these steps.

2. निम्नलिखित पर टिप्पणी कीजिए:-

- A. क्वांटम कंप्यूटिंग B. क्लाउड कंप्यूटिंग C. वर्चुअल प्राइवेट नेटवर्क D. VoLTE 5
- A. Quantum Computing B. Cloud Computing C. Virtual Private Network D. VoLTE

A. Quantum Computing:- The quantum computing is the technology which work on computing on the basis of quantum machine. it use two ~~principle~~ principle of quantum mechanics are super imposition & entanglement & interdependence. it work on qubit (0 & 1) at the quantum level of the atomic particle

B. Cloud Computing:- The cloud computing is the computing which provide services and resources to the customer or end user ~~without~~ virtually.

~~The~~ The software & data & Application's are stored at one place. (eg) google Drive

C. Virtual Private Network:- The virtual private network is one of kind of service his is provide to the customer to save his identities well as location encrypt

D. VoLTE:- it is technology which is use in the mobile communication where the voice clarity is the main. voice call using data

3. रेडियो-सक्रिय किरणें कौन-कौन सी हैं? इन कणों/किरणों का तुलनात्मक अंतर स्पष्ट कीजिए।
What are the radio-active rays? Explain the comparative difference between these particles/rays.

[Faint, illegible handwritten text in Hindi and English is visible across the page, likely bleed-through from the reverse side. A prominent red scribble is also present.]

4. चुंबकीय अनुनाद प्रतिबिंबन क्या है? इसके प्रमुख गुणों की चर्चा करते हुए इसकी कमियों को भी दर्शाइए।
 What is magnetic resonance imaging? While discussing its main qualities, also show its shortcomings.

Magnetic Resonance imaging is the technique in which the imaging of human, animal or plant is done with the help of strong magnetic field.

Main qualities:- ① it provide better imaging of the object which help in better treatment.

② Does not use any harmful radiation

③ use the water in body for the imaging.

④ we get 3D imaging.

- Painless procedure
- Detailed images

Shortcomings:- ① The parts which have less water contain like bone, teeth are not provide good image.

② The Metal is not analyzed by it.

③ if some person having Iron rode implant in his body then we can not do MRI of that person.

④ More development in the field needed

→ ment loud noise during procedure
 → use in conder?

5. टिप्पणी कीजिए:-

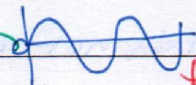
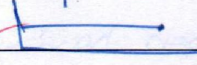
- A. धातुओं के निष्कर्षण की 'निस्तापन' और 'भर्जन' विधि में अंतर
(Difference between 'Calcination' and 'Roasting' method of refining metals)
- B. दैनिक जीवन में pH मान का महत्व (Importance of pH value in daily life) 5
- C. विद्युत धारा के प्रकार (Types of Electric Current)
- D. उपार्जित प्रतिरक्षा (Acquired Immunity)

A. Calcination is the ^{usually} method of refining metals where ^{Calcination} burning the mixture of metal in the absence of the oxygen.

Roasting is the method where the mixture of the metals is burn in the presence of oxygen and it to get the metal water free. ^{usually} oxide

B. Importance of pH value in daily life the human can survive in certain level or range of pH. if the pH is less than 5.5 ^{use point to improve clarity} the our motion then our teeth started decaying. if the pH of the rain less than 5 pH then it called acid rain which is not good for, building, Animals or humans.

C. Types of Electric current two type

- ① Alternating current (A.C)  ^{current}
- ② Direct current (D.C)  ^{current properties}

D. Acquired Immunity:- ^{weak} when we come to contact with some pathogens. The our body's ^{use concrete definition?} antibody fight there weak. pathogen and developed the Immunity against these type of pathogen. Next time we get contacted with some kind of pathogen our body is ready for it. (Write above this line only) this type of immunity is called Acquired Immunity. Vaccine

6. स्वदेशी रूप से विकसित मोबाइल ऑपरेटिंग सिस्टम Bharat OS क्या है? Bharat OS के महत्व पर प्रकाश डालिए।

What is Bharat OS, an indigenously developed mobile operating system? Highlight the importance of Bharat OS.

Bharat OS is the indigenously developed mobile operating system which is similar to the other mobile operating system like iOS, Android, windows.

5.5

By 117 Madan

Importance of Bharat OS:-

self-reliant

① it is indigenously build operating system so our dependency on other operating system will reduce.

② The problem of data sharing will be taking care of.

local ecosystem will flourish

③ The Monopoly of other of other will decrease.

④ provide platform for Indian developer to sell there app on it easily.

⑤ The Fake apps can be deal easily.

⑥ Data which is stored outside will now can be stored in India.

quote some govt data report etc.

⑦ Security of citizen is increase.

⑧ More force on privacy of the customer.

conclude on futuristic note.

7. जनरेटिव AI को परिभाषित करते हुए इसके लाभों और संभावित चुनौतियों का वर्णन करें।
Define generative AI and describe its benefits and potential challenges.

Generative AI is the AI which generate it out comes with the feedback which it gets & improve it out of some time the previous one. *eg) Chat GPT*

- Importance:-
- ① provide better solution to the problems. *ment report*
 - ② able to portice the outcomes *By NIT, Ministry etc*
 - ③ Help in each fields like Agriculture, Medical-Health Industry, education, Research & Development of new product & technology.
 - ④ Better use of resource & provide options to use other source to use.
 - ⑤ Reduce to solve complex problem.

- Potential challenges:-
- ① more person's more over dependent on technology.
 - ② costly technology to use in daily activity
 - ③ it is technology may be use in ~~the~~ terror activity
 - ④ it may ~~we~~ result threat to humanity. *deep fakes*
 - ⑤ More develop is needed to make it safe & sound. *cyber security issues*

Conclusion:- suggest way forward like *Regulat*

(Write above this line only)

(A) Change the following sentences from Active form to Passive form: (Q. No. 1-7)

Marks 7

1. The old beggar stole my dog yesterday.

2. They promised us higher wages at the factory.

3. They took down the notice.

4. People felt that the social workers were doing valuable work.

5. The architect decided to have his assistant to design the building.

6. Don't let your failure depress you.

7. Do they make bulbs in this factory?

(B) Change the following direct sentences into indirect sentences: (Q. No. 8-14)

Marks 7

8. He said, "I have already read this book."

9. The employer said to the workers, "I cannot pay you higher wages."

10. "When shall I know the result of the test?" asked the candidate.

11. "Let the nations forget their differences and work together for peace," said the preacher.

12. "Has your book been published?" I asked the writer.

13. You must work hard if you want to complete your course in time," said the teacher.

14. He said, "I know that hard work is not suitable for me. So I should think out a plan for my future days of laziness."

(C) Identify the error and rewrite the correct form of the following sentences: (Q. No. 15-20) Marks 6

15. The crowd was waiting for the Chief Minister on the airport.

The ~~crowd~~ crowd ~~is~~ waiting for the Chief Minister at the airport.

16. The crowd pressed over the fence.

The ~~crowd~~ crowd pressed ~~under~~ the fence.

17. The house could not be finished of lack of funds.

The house ~~did not~~ finished due to lack of funds.

18. She was deprived from her appointment.

She was deprived ~~from~~ her appointment.

19. The child is very clever for mimicking others.

The children are very clever ~~for~~ mimicking others.

20. The thief was bound by a chain.

The thief is bound ~~by~~ a chain.

1. जिला कलेक्टर, सवाईमाधोपुर की ओर से मुख्य चिकित्सा एवं स्वास्थ्य अधिकारी सवाईमाधोपुर को जिले की कोविड-19 टीकाकरण अभियान की प्रगति रिपोर्ट भिजवाने हेतु अनुस्मारक लिखिए।

राजस्थान सरकार
जिला कलेक्टर
सवाईमाधोपुर

प.क्र. सं. 1113

अनुस्मारक-I

दिनांक 3.12.2023

2

मुख्य चिकित्सा एवं स्वास्थ्य अधिकारी

सवाईमाधोपुर

विषय:- कोविड-19 टीकाकरण अभियान

अनुरोध:- प्रगति रिपोर्ट संख्या लिखें

लक्ष्य:-

आपको उपर लिखे विषय पर प्रगति रिपोर्ट भिजवानी की परतु पर आज किन्तु तक नही पडुची है तथा आप से अनुवाक है कि आप इसे प्रतिबन्ध पर दुरुत से दुरुत भिजवावे।

सदर

भवदीय

क.सा.डी

जिला कलेक्टर
सवाईमाधोपुर

complete the formalities here also

दिनांक

भवदीय

2. दिए हुए अंग्रेजी अनुच्छेद का हिन्दी में अनुवाद कीजिए।

We want that the whole should know that we are the worshippers of peace and that we have our own history and that we believe in the co-existence of the people of the world. In fact, the organisation of the competitions or the Olympic games is only a means. We do regard these games as only a festival of the youth of the world where they may develop the qualities of friendship, brotherhood and mutual good will by mingling with one another and playing together in a healthy competitive spirit.

In ancient time when the olympic games or the youth festivals were held then debates on philosophical topics were organised. The learned used to exchange knowledge, the poets used to describe history in poetry and artist and musicians used to develop new art and let them understand the civilization for the preservation of which the world peace is essential.

5

हम चाहते हैं की लोग जानें कि हम शांति के पुरस्कारी हैं वरना

हमारा इतिहास कहना है कि हम विश्वास करते हैं सब लोग
एक साथ रहते हैं। आसन्निके के प्रतिस्पर्धा

को केवल एक ही करीया है।

Kindly
Complete the translation